



Underground Storage Tanks (UST's) Metal Integrity and Lining Inspections



Understanding the Inspection Process for Owners and Operators

Presented By:
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Introduction

Robert (Bob) McChan

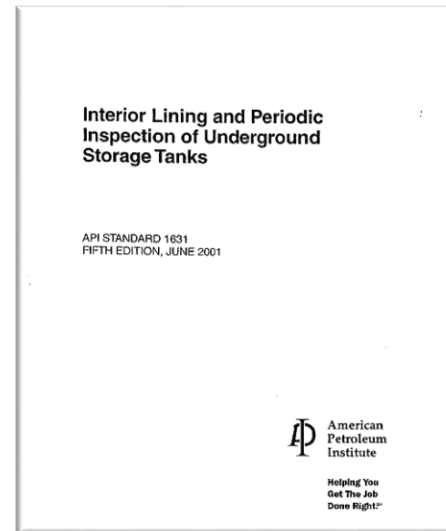
- ✓ Involved with Underground Storage Tanks (UST's) and Aboveground Storage Tanks (AST's) for more than 25 years;
- ✓ Inspection, Maintenance, Repair, Installation, Removal, Lining Inspections, Lining Applications, Tank Systems and Piping, Regulatory Compliance,
- ✓ American Petroleum Institute (API) 653 Tank Inspector
- ✓ Steel Tank Institute (STI) Level II Tank Inspector (Former)
- ✓ Kansas and Arkansas - UST certified Installation and Removal

Presentation Overview

- ❖ Regulations and Standards
- ❖ Worker Qualifications
- ❖ Tank Inspection Requirements
- ❖ Tank Inspection Processes
- ❖ Tank Lining Requirements
- ❖ Tank Lining Application
- ❖ Summary
- ❖ Questions

Inspection Guidelines

- ❖ Underground Storage Tanks
- American Petroleum
Institute (API) Standard
1631
- ❖ Aboveground Storage Tanks
(up to 30 feet diameter)
Steel Tank Institute SP001
- ❖ Aboveground Storage Tanks
> 30 foot diameter –
American Petroleum
Institute (API) Standard 653



Worker Qualifications

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Requirements

- ❖ 29 CFR 1910.120 Hazardous Waste Operations
- ❖ 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication
- ❖ 29 CFR 1910.146 Permit Required Confined Space
- ❖ 29 CFR 1910.147 Energy Isolation (Lockout/Tag out)
- ❖ 29 CFR 1910.134 Respiratory Protection

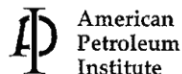


INSPECTIONS

API 1631 – Interior Lining and Periodic Inspection of Underground Storage Tanks

Interior Lining and Periodic Inspection of Underground Storage Tanks

API STANDARD 1631
FIFTH EDITION, JUNE 2001



American
Petroleum
Institute

Helping You
Get The Job
Done Right.™

- Section 1 – General
- Section 2 – References
- Section 3 - Definitions
- Section 4 - Objectives, Requirements and Specifications
- Section 5 – Preparation for Opening the Tank
- Section 6 – Tank Entry
- Section 7 – Preparation of the Tank Interior
- Section 8 – Application of Lining

Un-Lined Steel Tank Inspections

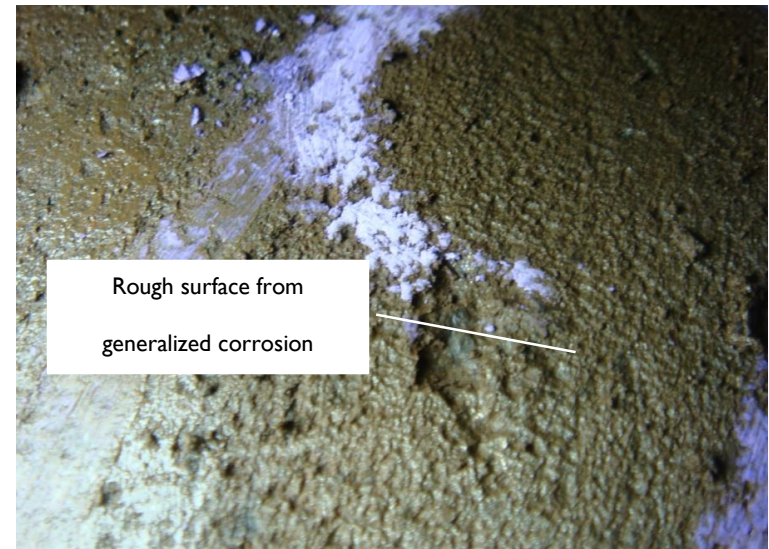
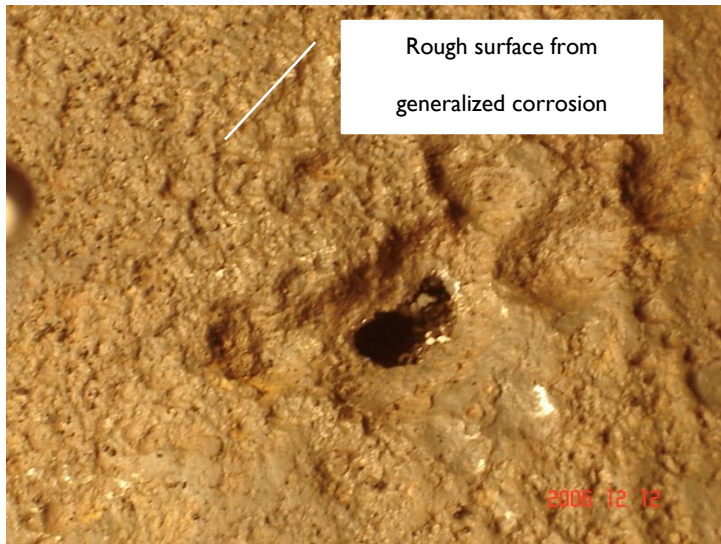
Section 7.3 – Tank Inspection

- 7.3.1 General
- 7.3.1.1- 7.3.1.2 - 7.3.1.3 Confined Space Entry Requirements
- 7.3.2 Lighting Equipment
- 7.3.3 Steel Tanks
- 7.3.3.1 **For steel tanks, the inspection shall identify those areas where corrosion has taken place and metal thickness has been reduced to 1/8 in. (0.32 cm) or less.** Corrosion may take the form of uniform metal loss (general deterioration of a surface area) or may leave a pitted appearance (irregular surface deterioration). Uniform corrosion may be difficult to detect and may require the use on nondestructive techniques, in addition to destructive methods described below, to ensure metal thickness of at least 1/8 in. (0.32 cm).

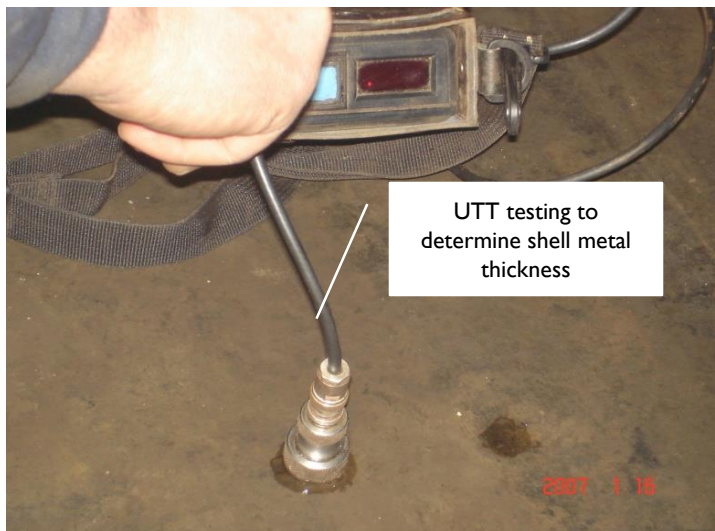
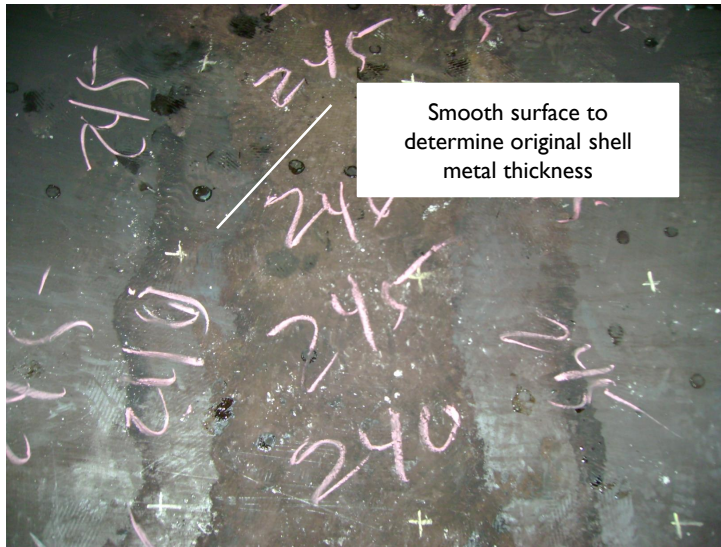
Un-Lined Steel Tank Inspections

Section 7.3 – Tank Inspection (Cont.)

- ❖ 7.3.3.2 Pitted surfaces may be difficult to detect when there is a question about original metal thickness. As a result, thickness determinations in non-pitted areas are also necessary to establish an original thickness benchmark for comparisons with the pitted areas. Metal thickness determinations can be made by either destructive or nondestructive methods. Nondestructive metal thickness determinations may be made by **ultrasonic** or radiographic testing methods.



Non Destructive Testing Method – Ultrasonic Thickness Testing to Determine Original Shell Thickness



Un-Lined Steel Tank Inspections

Section 7.3 – Tank Inspection (Cont.)

- 7.3.3.3 A destructive test method involves the use of a brass ball-peen hammer to tap the entire shell (a minimum of one tap in every 1 ft² (0.093 m²) area and sound for thin areas. If a thin area is detected, the metal should be holed with the hammer or a drill to determine the metal thickness. The thin metal shall be removed until a minimum metal thickness on 1/8 in. (0.32 cm) at the edge of the hole is obtained. This method is often used to inspect underground tanks because corrosion typically takes the form of pitting rather than deterioration over the surface.
- Note: It may be preferable to conduct wire brushing or abrasive grit blasting (SSPC SP7 and SP10) of the internal surface of a tank prior to inspection.

Pit Depth Determinations

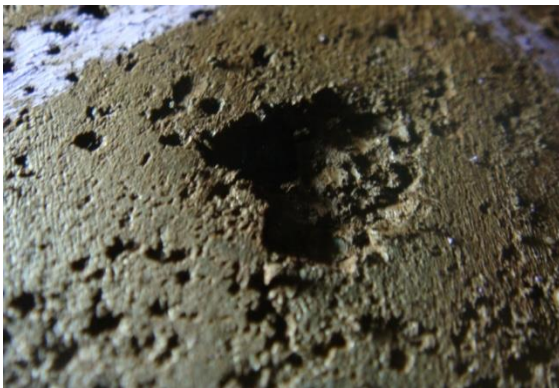
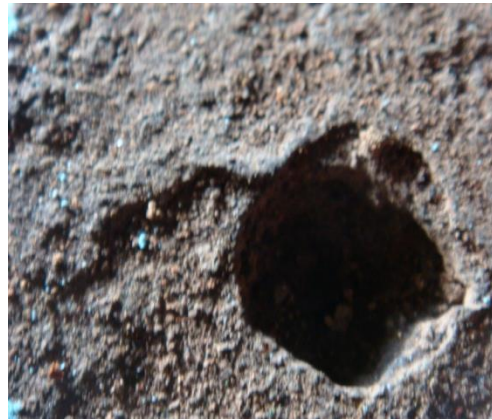
What is a pit?

What does it look like?

What are we looking for?

How do we measure?

A pit is an area in a tank where corrosion has taken place in a single area or spot. Pits take on different looks, shapes, depths:



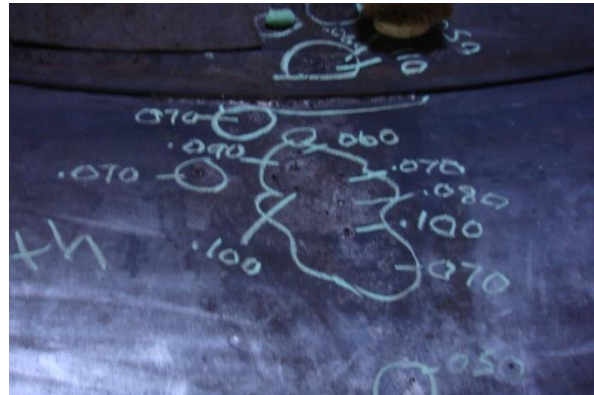
What do we look for?

For steel tanks, the inspection shall identify those areas where corrosion has taken place and metal thickness has been reduced to 1/8 in. (0.32 cm) or less

How are pits measured? Pit Gauges

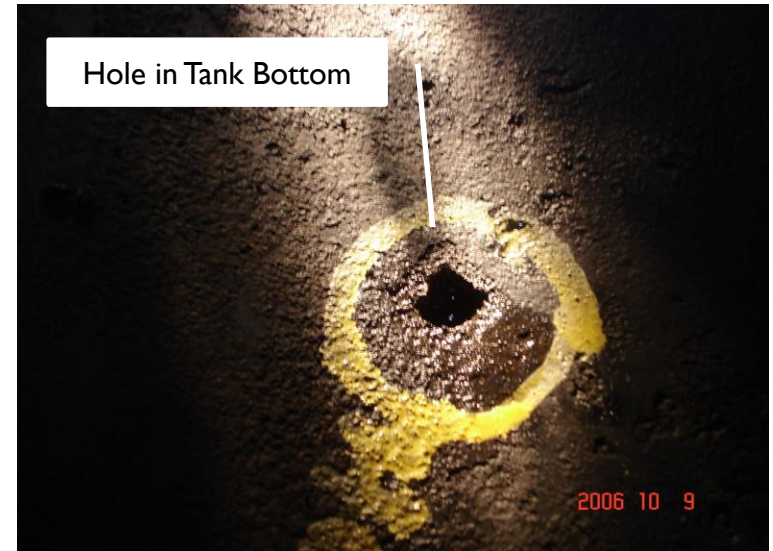


Once the pits are measured, marked and recorded they are compared to the original tank metal thickness to determine whether any exceed the requirements.



What if we find holes in the tank shell?

Can it still be lined?



7.3.3.4 The following guidelines shall be used to identify a steel tank that is **SUITABLE** for lining:

- a. A tank with a perforation no larger than 1 ½ in. (3.81 cm) in diameter, except under the gauging opening where the perforation may be no larger than 2 ½ in. (6.35 cm) in diameter.
- b. A tank with less than 5 perforations [none larger than ½ in. (1.27 cm) diameter] in a 1 ft² (0.093 m²) area.
- c. A tank with less than 20 perforations [none larger than ½ in. (1.27 cm) in diameter] in a 500 ft² (46.45 m²) area.

7.3.3.5 Steel tanks that exceed any of the guidelines in this section shall not be interior lined unless approved by the tank owner and the authority that has jurisdiction. To determine adherence to these guidelines, perforations shall be brass ball peen hammered (before any abrasive blasting) to remove any thin metal and to obtain structurally sound edges. Perforations shall be reamed until the metal thickness at the edges of the holes is a minimum of 1/8 in. (0.032 cm). Steel tanks meeting the criteria set forth in 7.3.2 shall be prepared as described in 7.4.1.

API 1631 Form B (Side 1) - Tank Cleaning, Repair, Lining, Testing and Inspection Affidavit

API 1631 Form B (Side 2) - Tightness Test Certification /Material and Performance Certification

API 1631 Form C – Tank Re-Inspection Affidavit / Tightness Test Certification

REVISION 1.0 (10/2010) - INSPECTION AND TESTING DIVISION

API 1631—FORM B (SIDE 1)
INSPECTION AFFIDAVIT

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK OWNER _____

TANK LOCATED AT _____

TANK NUMBER OR IDENTIFICATION _____

TANK CLEANING, REPAIR, LINING, TESTING AND INSPECTION AFFIDAVIT

I, _____, (Inspector or qualified person) hereby swear and attest that all work performed on the above designated tank was in accordance with API Standard 1631 as follows:

- The tank used the structural qualifications and repair criteria (if required) of API Standard 1631.
- The entire interior of the tank was blast cleaned to a near white metal finish in accordance with the requirements of API Standard 1631 and 90 psi minimum air pressure was maintained at the blast nozzle and compressor during blasting.
- The lining was fully tested and determined to be free of defects in accordance with the requirements of API Standard 1631.
- The structural condition of the tank lining post the lining manufacturer's final test, inspection and testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of API Standard 1631.
- The final lining had a nominal thickness of 125 mils and a minimum thickness of no less than 100 mils as determined in accordance with the requirements of API Standard 1631.

UNDER APPLICABLE U.S. FEDERAL LAW, IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNER OF THE UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK TO DETERMINE THAT THE TANK MEETS ALL REQUIREMENTS FOR VALID (HOURS) OF THE TANK OWNER'S LIABILITY PERIOD UNDER ANY APPLICABLE CONTRACTIVE TO PROVIDE THE INSPECTION AND WORK PROPERLY AND COMPLETELY THE CONTRACT AND THIS QUALIFIED OR CHALLENGED PERSON UNDERTAKING THIS WORK SHALL SIGN THIS AFFIDAVIT TESTING COMPLETION AND COMPLIANCE.

SWORN TO AND SIGNED THIS _____ DAY OF _____, 20__

Contract or Qualified Person _____ Cert. No. _____

Inspector or Qualified Person _____ Title _____

Witness/Notary _____ Title _____

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API 1631—FORM B (SIDE 2)
INSPECTION AFFIDAVIT

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK OWNER _____

TANK LOCATED AT _____

TIGHTNESS TEST CERTIFICATION

I, _____, (Inspector or qualified person) hereby swear and attest that I performed a tightness test in accordance with API Standard 1631 on the above designated tank and verify that:

- The tank was "tight" and in compliance with 604.40 CFR 289.52 (a) (1) and
- The tank passed the previous tightness test.

Signed _____ and dated _____, 20__

MATERIAL AND PERFORMANCE CERTIFICATION

I, _____, (Inspector or qualified person) hereby swear and attest that the following specified materials and quantities (required) were used in performing the work on the above designated tank.

Lining Material Manufacturer _____

Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Lining Material Name _____ Amount used _____ gal.

Specific name of pig _____ Color used _____ Amount used _____ lbs.

Signed _____ and dated _____, 20__

TANK OWNER'S VERIFICATION

By signing below, the tank owner or owner's designated agent attests and verifies that the Affidavit has been completed truthfully and in accordance with the requirements of this Affidavit. Owner may need a copy of this Affidavit for the lining material manufacturer (in addition to, and along with, the original signed Affidavit as part of the owner's permanent tank record.

Note: Under applicable state, local and U.S. Code laws and regulations, it is the tank owner's responsibility to determine that all work meets the requirements for the relevant regulatory and technical requirements that the tank is in compliance with applicable laws and API Standard 1631 requirements.

Signed By Owner or Authorized Agent _____

Title _____, 20__

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API 1631—FORM C
TANK RE-INSPECTION AFFIDAVIT

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK OWNER _____

TANK LOCATED AT _____

TANK NUMBER OR IDENTIFICATION _____

AVAIL TANK LINED _____ DATE OF LAST INSPECTION _____

(The inspected tanks within on-site protocols within 10 years of initial lining and every 5 years thereafter)

Inspection Date _____, 20__

TIGHTNESS TEST CERTIFICATION

I, _____, (Inspector or qualified person) hereby swear and attest that I performed a previous test in accordance with API Standard 1631 on the above designated tank and verify that:

- The tank was "tight" and in compliance with 604.40 CFR 289.52 (a) (1) and
- The tank passed the previous tightness test.

Inspection Date _____, 20__

TANK RE-INSPECTION AFFIDAVIT

Inspector Date _____, 20__

I, _____, (Inspector or qualified person) hereby swear and attest that I performed a re-inspection in accordance with the requirements of API Standard 1631 and local jurisdiction to perform the re-inspection of the above designated tank. The results of the test were as follows:

- The tank has been found to be substantially intact. There was no evidence of pitting, rusting, physical damage, water leakage, cracks, or other signs of structural weakness of the tank's lining.
- At least 98% of the lining met the test specifications.
- The lining is still performing according to original design specifications. There was no evidence of lining pitting, rusting, or other signs of structural weakness.
- A physical inspection of the tank lining was conducted. The lining was fully tested and determined to be free of defects in accordance with the requirements of API Standard 1631. The final thickness of the tank lining met the requirements of API Standard 1631.
- A physical inspection of the tank was conducted and the test thickness was determined to meet the requirements of API 1631.

Note: The results of the tightness test shall be the printed (or typed) information as stated in accordance with the requirements of API Standard 1631.

SWORN TO AND SIGNED THIS _____ DAY OF _____, 20__

Contractor _____

Metal Thickness Readings

.240

.240

.235

.235

.240

.235

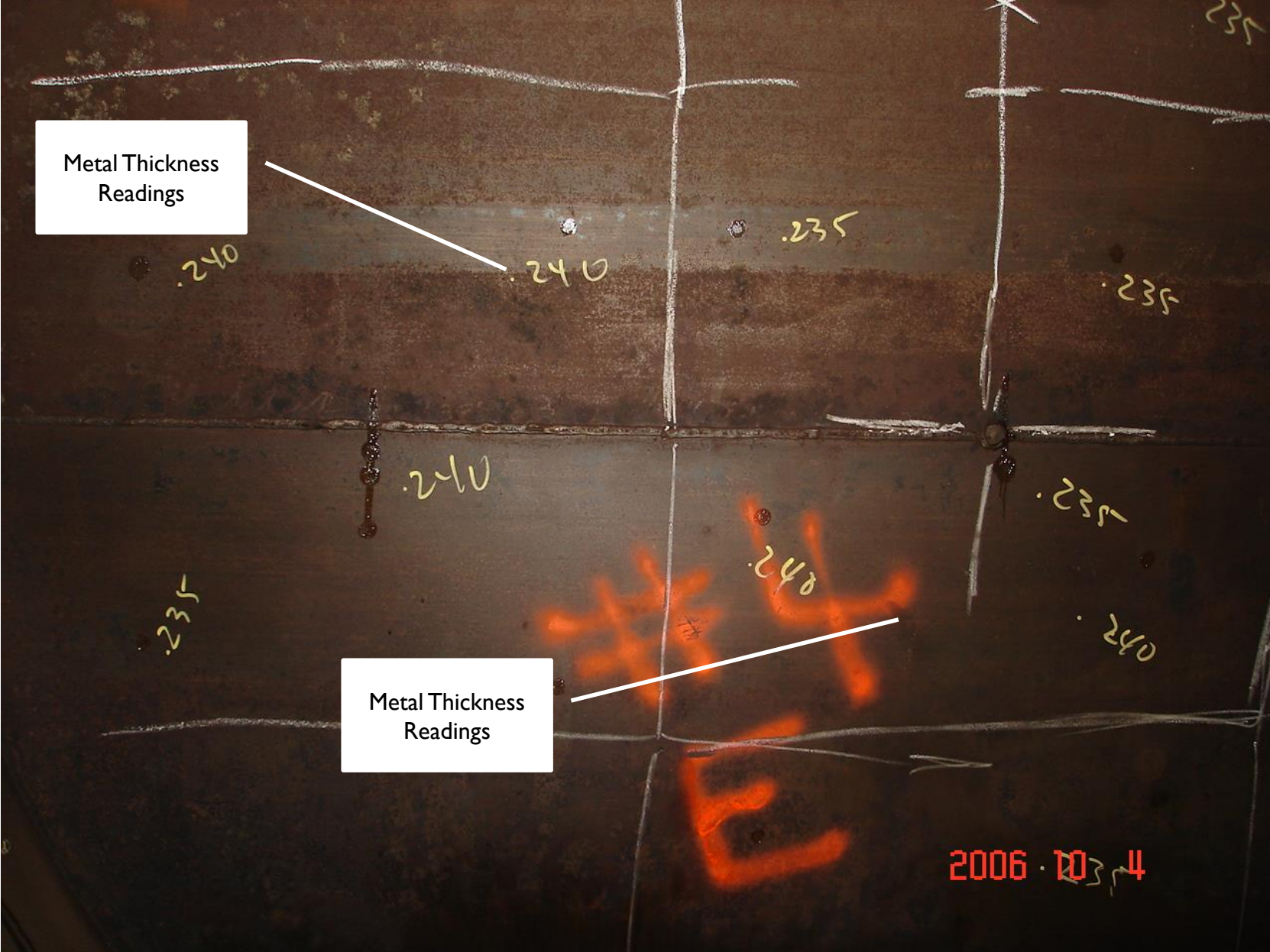
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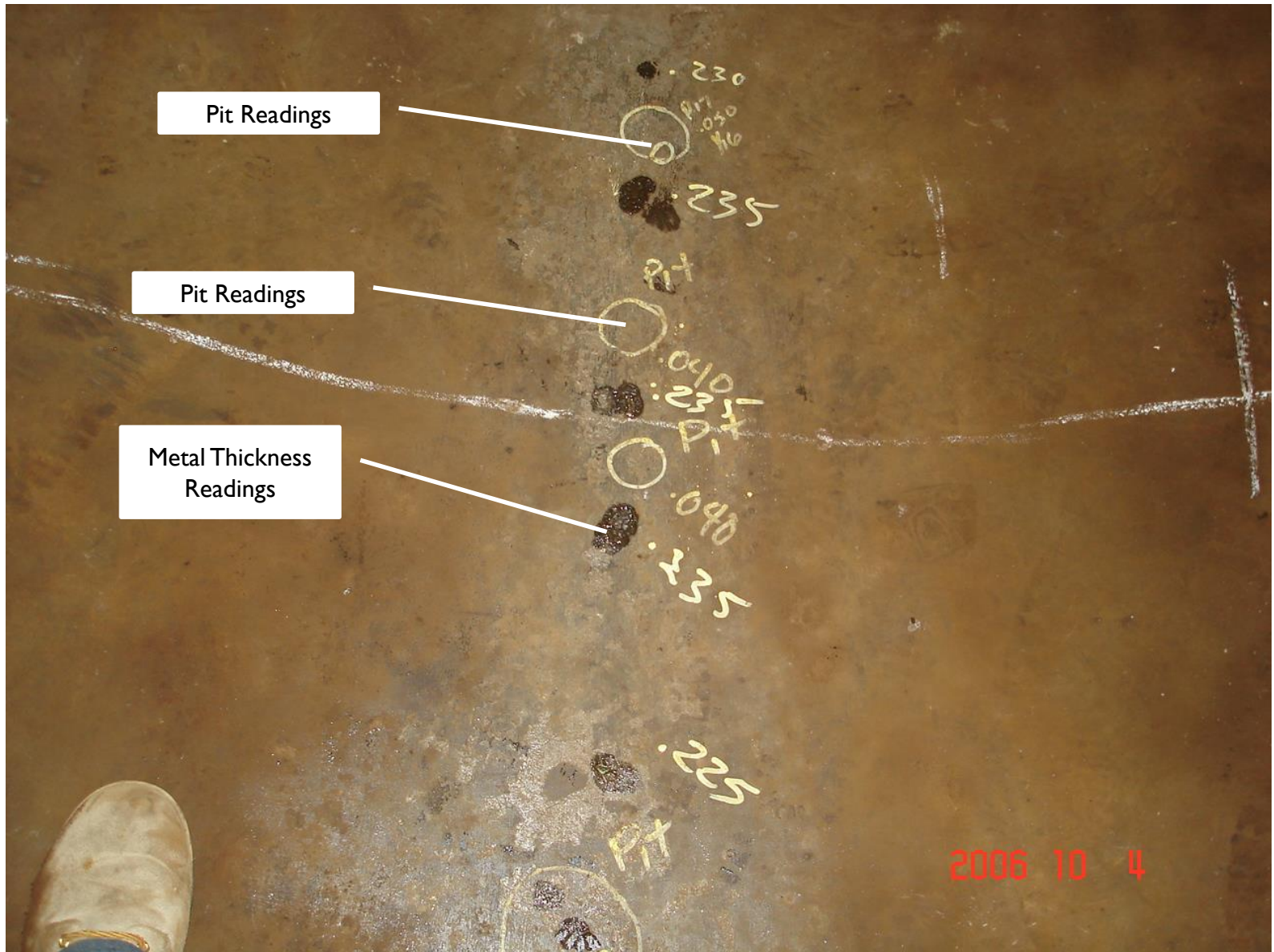
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Metal Thickness Readings

2006.10.4







Lining Inspections

Lining inspection are conducted following the guidelines outlined in API 1631 Section 10.4, Paragraph 10.4.3.

- ❖ The tank lining is visually inspected for evidence of peeling, blistering, wrinkled surface or surface roughening of the lining material.
- ❖ In addition the inspector visually inspects for pitting, rusting, physical damage, water leakage, cracks, streaking, discoloration or other signs of structural instability.
- ❖ All areas discovered are marked, noted and photographed.

After the completion of the visual inspection the lining thickness is assessed.

- ❖ We utilize a “Elcometer 456” coating thickness gauge to determine existing lining thickness.
- ❖ All areas of the lining that do not meet the thickness requirements as outlined in API 1631 Section 8.2 “Lining Requirements”, paragraph 8.2.4, (minimum 100 mils with a nominal 125 mils) are noted.

A Barcol Hardness test is then conducted on the lining material to determine material hardness and that it not beginning to soften or has improper curing.

Elcometer 456 Coating Thickness Gauge



Cygnus 2 Ultrasonic Metal Thickness Tester

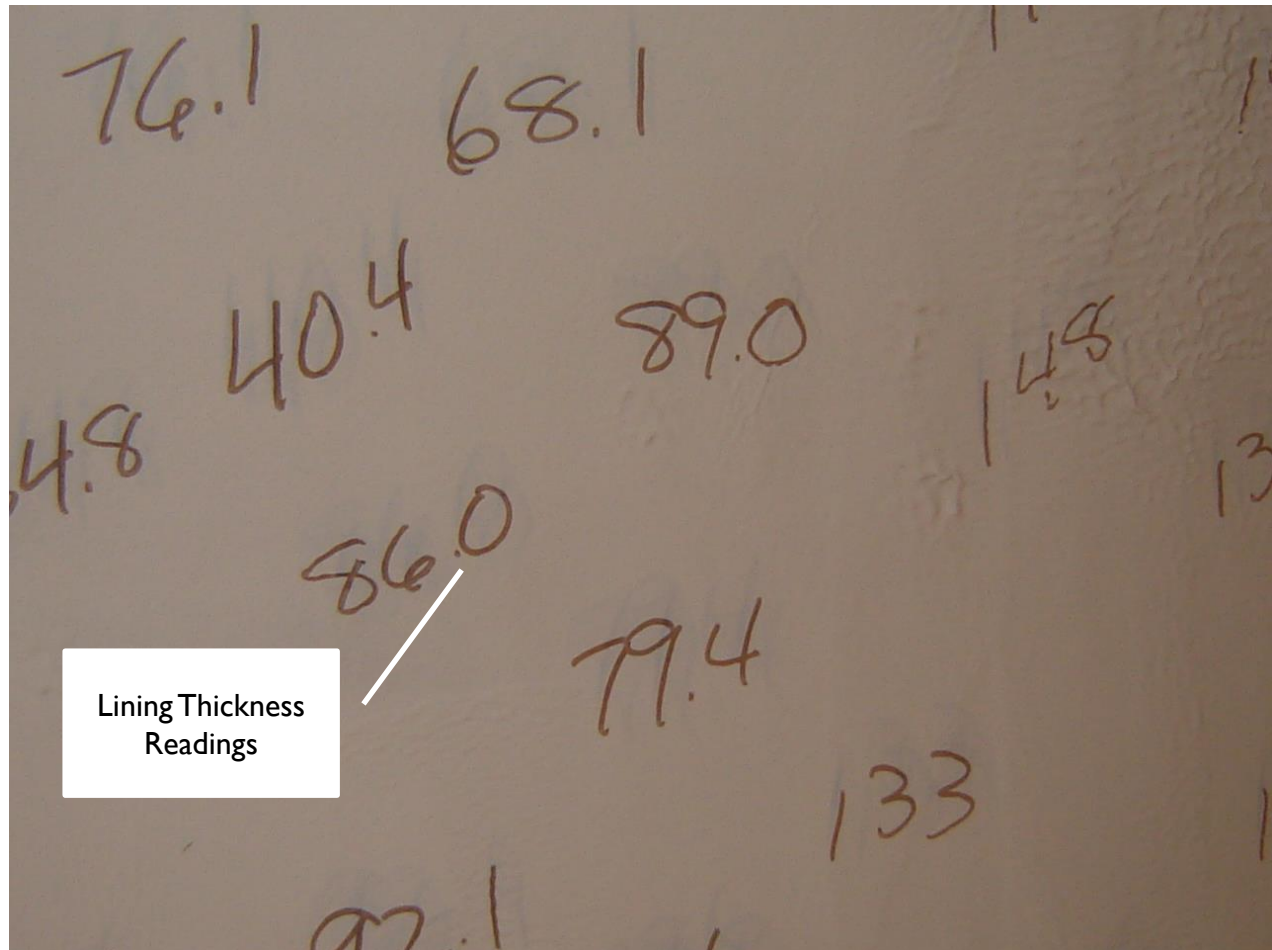




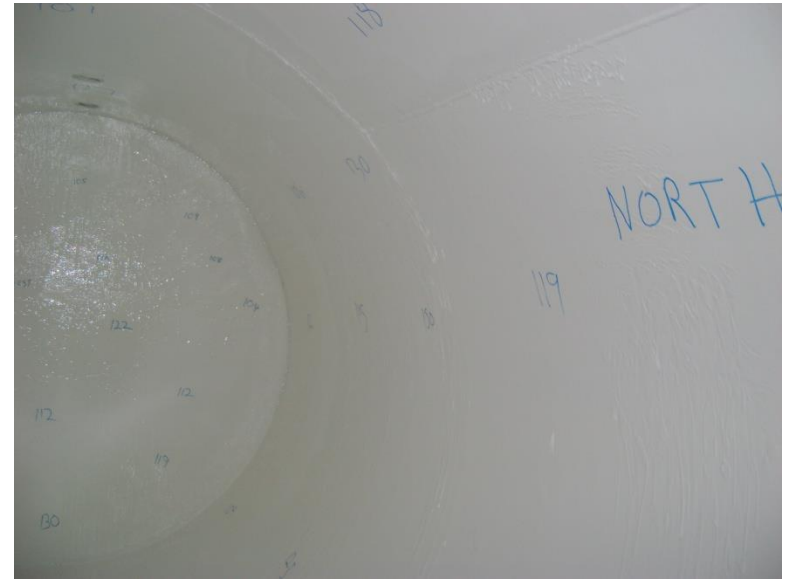
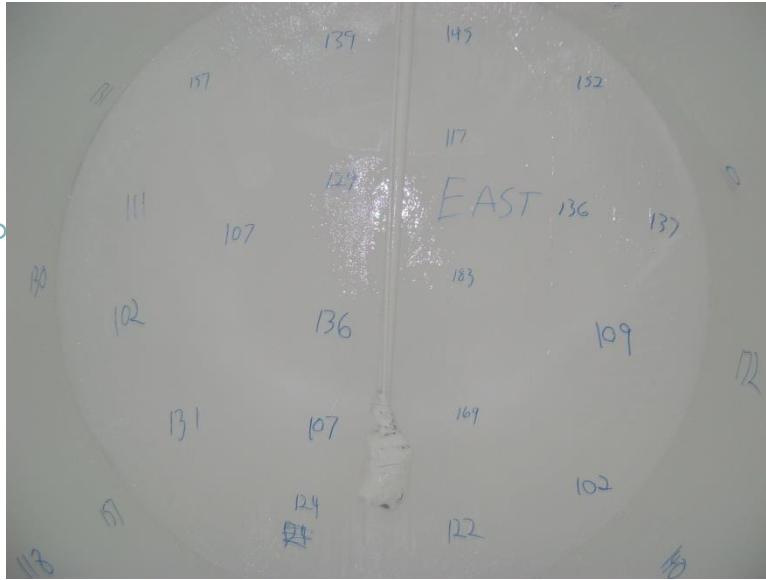


This Tank Fails !!

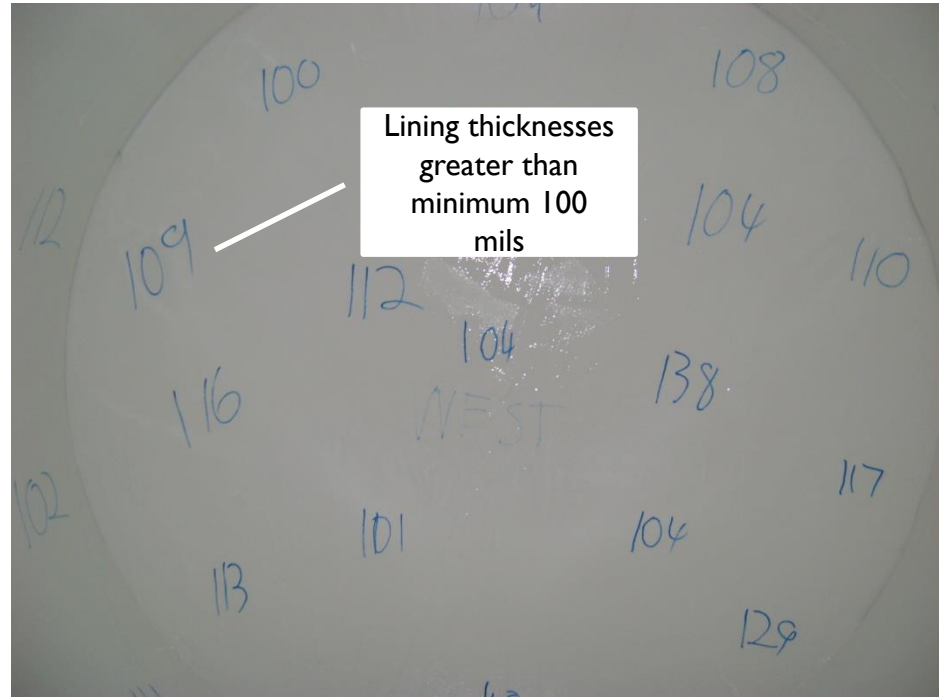
Lining thickness less than the required minimum 100 mil and nominal 125 mil thickness







This Tank Passes



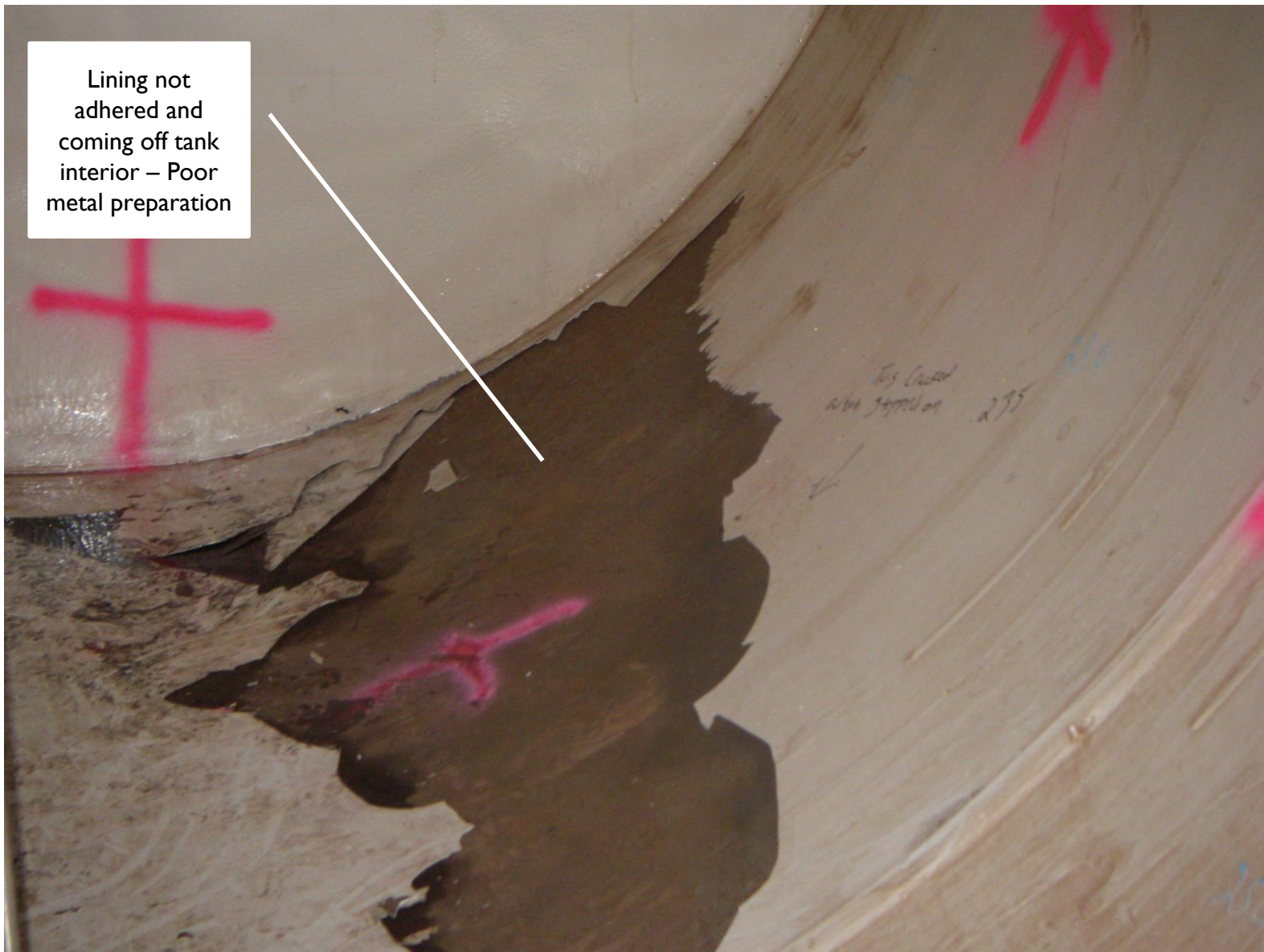
Lining Inspections

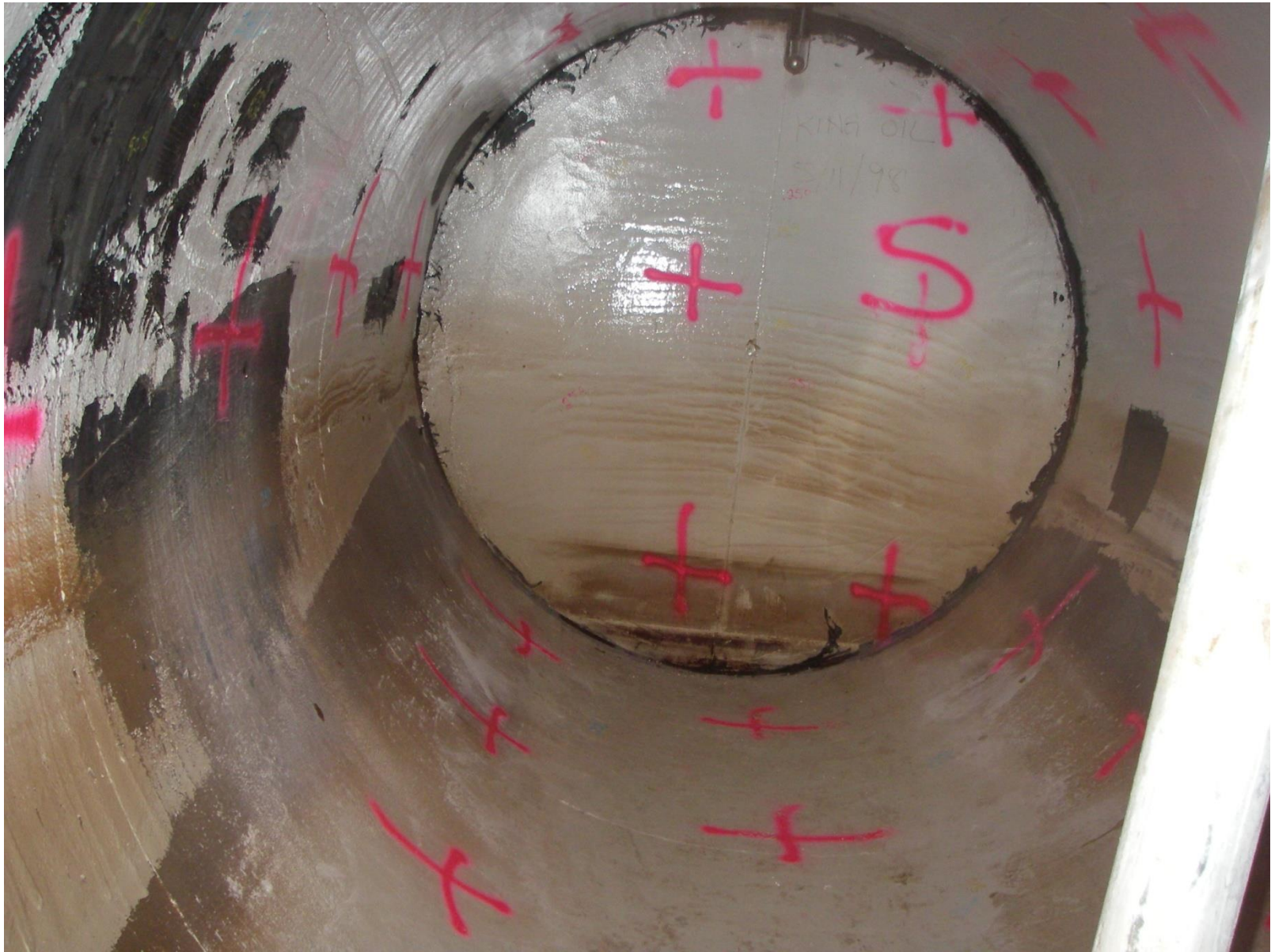
What we don't want to find !!!

- ❖ The tank lining is visually inspected for evidence of peeling, blistering, wrinkled surface or surface roughening of the lining material.



Lining not
adhered and
coming off tank
interior – Poor
metal preparation

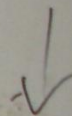




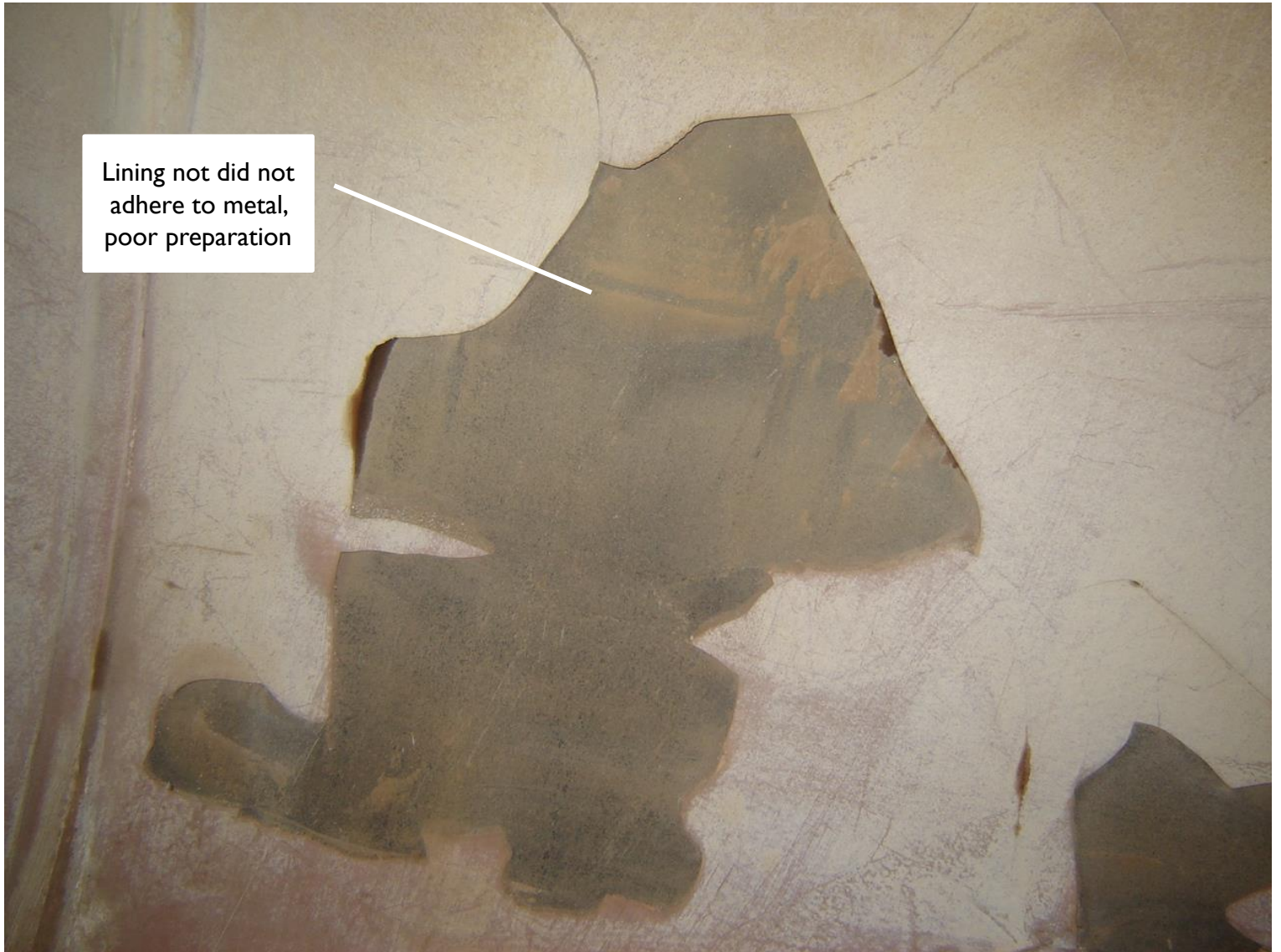




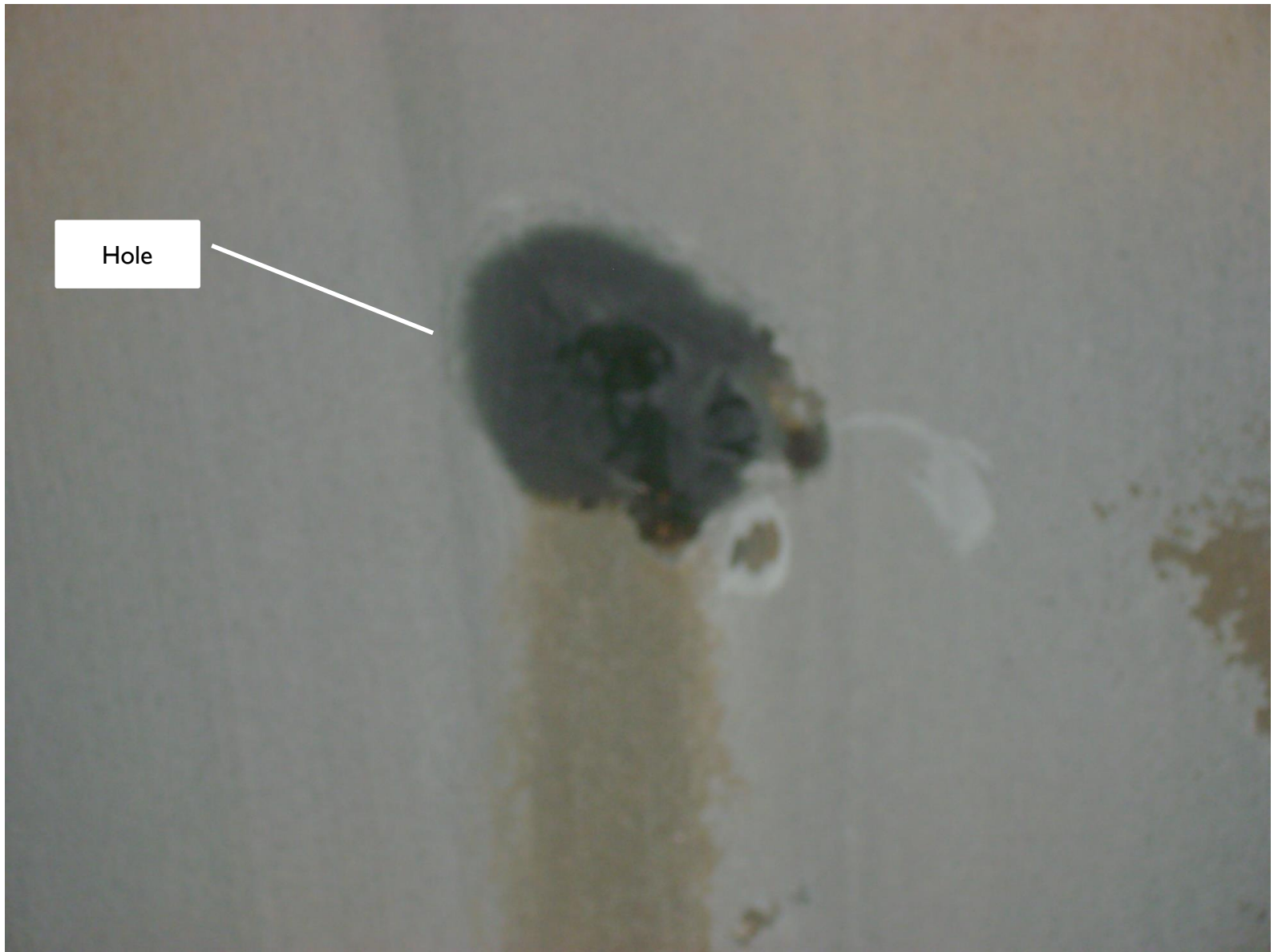
THIS Cracked
when stepped on







Lining not did not
adhere to metal,
poor preparation



Hole

Vertical AST - Internal Tank Lining

150 Ft. Diameter - 5.2 Million Gallon Tank



QUESTIONS???

Contact Information:

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Office: 816-229-5900 - Mobile: 816-536-7135





QUESTIONS?

